

## ADJOURNED ASSIZES.

in the Agent to Lloyd's, dated 8th Aug. 31. at the French xebec Constante, nothing particular, or, at least, than they were preparing to give prison. No account here of the command."

that Sir Sidney Smith, as Preliminary Institution of Knights, had sailed before Algiers, on the 9th of August Lord Exmouth's fleet, sent to the demand was, however, states that his Lordship's fleet on the 12th; but there must be, as the fleet did not sail from at a moment like the present of succeeding hour promises officially expect many unauthenticated in this character; but it is most interest felt on the subject by the ties of communication they enjoy Mediterranean, that we will receive first intelligence of any decisive the most accurate.

present Algiers as in a most formidable the Dey as extremely active and utmost hatred against the English, by no other name than Tyrants

of the Barbary Corsairs, and their the coasts of Italy, are prominent contained in these papers. Under in vessels of European structure, ores, and surprise the defenceless luce to slavery. In two descents of Manfredonia, they carried off 133, and burned all the fishing boats probably for the purpose of pre-emption of their approach. The small vessels to against them, as has but we hope the might of Eng- hose minor efforts unnecessary to bers.

puties is dissolved. The Royal r preceding columns. It fixes the amount prescribed by the Consti- member shall be eligible who has not The Electoral Colleges are to meet to a new election, and the Session. The preamble of the Ordinance ch have produced this measure.— Royalists, the agitation and discus- ave alarmed his Majesty.

bridged report of the Westminster re important matter does not inter- all in our next.

letter of the Belgian Bishops to the [See fourth page.] In it the in, that notwithstanding their devoted the interests of the State, certain o the political rights of their imme- the more lament, as the Catholics entire population of the kingdom.— enjoying the confidence of their Sovereign by religious distinctions from they would wish to the service of the

g very extraordinary article from the a Private Letter from St. Helena, of 9th. It states that, a few days before, or four hours, but the centinel stopped should not be on the Island nine ce of this he is now confined to his readers of the authenticity of this

**4th Edition.**

liser Office, Four o'Clock.

ess to acknowledge the receipt rnsals of Friday.

giers—Destruction of its mmission of the Dey.

Four hundred summonses were issued by the High Sheriff, to persons comprising the respectability of the County, to attend at the adjourned Assizes. Summonses were also sent to the late Grand Jury, viz.—

Hon W. W. Quin, M. P. Foreman; Lieutenant Colonel Odell, M. P. Hon. Richd H. Fitzgibbon, Hon Geo E. Massy, Knight of Glin, Edwd Croker, Wm Ryves, Edwd, Villiers, Geo. Tuthill, Thomas Rice, Peter Lowe, De C. O'Grady, Hef. Considine, Rickard Lloyd, John Copley, Henry O'Grady, John Massy, Glenville; Joseph Gubbins, Wm Smyth, Jeffery Browning, Steph. Dickson, J. D. Lyons, and Thomas Darcy Evans, Esqrs.

Yesterday morning, the adjournment of the Assizes for this County, was opened in presence of the most crowded court we ever witnessed. Mr. Justice Mayne and Mr. Sergeant Johnson both presided, and two more of the persons charged with the murder of the Dillons—namely Pat. Scanlon and Pat. Byrnes were put to the Bar; and the most respectable jury we have ever seen in the crown or civil court being sworn, Mr. Quin proceeded to address them nearly as follows:—

*Gentlemen of the Jury—*

Recollecting the investigation which took place upon this subject at the late Assizes, the transaction is of too much notoriety in this county to render any statement of the nature or facts of it at all necessary on the present prosecution—the evidence will detail them—I shall make but two remarks, and those you will be pleased to observe applicable to the crime, but by no means intended to affect the accused.—In point of native barbarity, without a parallel—if considered with reference to the principle which gave birth to it, (I mean the systematic destruction of witnesses,) 'tis difficult to imagine a case more formidable in its character, more important in its consequences, and therefore more imperatively demanding the prompt and decisive interposition of public justice; by the energetic exertion of which alone in all cases, but most particularly in one circumstanced as the present, society is held together. But Gentlemen, 'tis due to the public, 'tis due to you, that it should be distinctly understood, how it has occurred, that the county has been re-assembled on the present occasion.—Gentlemen, at the late assizes, three men implicated in the crime with which the prisoners at the bar now stand charged, paid the forfeit of their lives, after I am warranted to say, a solemn, deliberate, and satisfactory conviction.—The men now on trial were then called forward—the Crown was prepared to proceed, when they made an affidavit with a view to postpone their trial to the ensuing assizes.—That affidavit laid no legal ground whatsoever to induce the court to comply with its object—I have the judicial authority of the Learned Judge who presided upon that occasion, and who now presides, in saying that affidavit was utterly insufficient for its purpose.—The Counsel for the Crown had no authority or discretion under such circumstances to consent to such postponement—they well knew, that considering the state of the country and the peculiar nature and enormity of the crime, the government (in a case where no legal or adequate ground had been laid before the Judge to induce his interference) would never consent that public justice should sleep for such an interval at the manifest risk of ultimate defeat by the possible loss of witnesses.—But, Gentlemen, the Counsel for the Crown desirous, nay anxious that no shadow of objection should rest upon a conviction where the prisoners had alledged a want of preparation, went to the utmost limit of any discretion vested in them, by suggesting and consenting to an adjournment of the assizes, to such a day as might afford those men every reasonable, indeed ample latitude, in point of time and means to provide for their defence.—Gentlemen, the interval has elapsed—the period has arrived—the Judges have returned to fulfil the great duty they owe to the community and to the laws.—If, as the prisoners have suggested, they have not the advantage of professional assistance, let them understand, and they will feel the great advantage as far as tis possible they can be advantaged by it, that by that law which they are charged with having so grievously violated, the Judge is under such, indeed under all circumstances, constituted the judicial protector of the prisoner, and the vigilant guardian of his legal rights—the learning, the ability, the humanity of the bench are ever anxiously exercised on such occasions—they characterize the Judges who this day preside—in the hands of such a court and such a jury 'tis morally impossible that innocence can suffer and the law and evidence will be now submitted to you in a perfect confidence, that, as on the one hand neither the court or you will suffer the lives of the prisoners to be affected by anything short of the most satisfactory conviction, so on the other, no consideration can sway you from that duty due to public justice, upon the firm discharge of which depends not only the well being but very existence of civilized society.

The same witnesses that were examined on the trial of the three persons that were convicted at the last assizes, were examined, & also Honora Wall, an additional one who identified both the prisoners.—The prisoners attempted the usual defence of *alibi*, and the evidence being closed, Judge Mayne charged the Jury, recapitulating the entire evidence, and putting in it for the prisoners. The

There was a fall of snow at Brighton on Sunday and letter from Bangor, dated the 2d, says—"We have now snow lying on our mountains."

By the death of Sir Chaloner Ogle, the Earl St. Vincent is now the Senior Admiral of Britain.

The Directors General of Inland Navigation have determined on sending their engineer, (as soon as he can be spared from the service wherein he is at present employed) to explore the particular state of the Fergus between Ennis and Clare.

The Waterloo Committee, in London, have voted the sum of £15 to the mother, brother or sister, or next of kin of any private soldier killed at Waterloo—the sum is paid by a bill at three days sight, of the clergyman, or magistrate of the parish, and the bill is drawn £15. At three days' sight, please to pay [Here mention the relationship] of the late private in the late \_\_\_\_\_ regt. who was killed in the battle of Waterloo.

[Signature of the Clergyman or Magistrate.]  
To J. B. Welsford, Esq. London.

**BIRTH**—The Lady of Thomas Ryan, of Cottage, county Tipperary, Esq. of a daughter.

**MARRIED**—Wednesday, at the parish church of Killory, by the Rev. Fitzmaurice Sandes, Maurice De Courcy, of Molahiffe Castle, Esq. to Miss Sandes, eldest daughter of John Sandes, of Moyvane, county Kerry, Esq.

**DIED**—At Geneva, after a severe illness of near two years' duration, which he bore with astonishing fortitude, Thomas Sydenham Esq. late his Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary at Lisbon, and Knight of the Russian and Swedish Orders of St. George, and of the Sword

### LIMERICK MARKET PRICES.—SEPTEMBER 17

Wheat, .....	2s. 0d. to 2s. 6d.	} 1/2
Oats, .....	10 1/2d. .... 11d.	
Barley, .....	0. .... 0d.	
Potatoes, .....	0 1/2d. .... 3d.	
Butter—1st, 9d.—2d, 8d.—3d, 7d.—4th, 6d.		

## Cheap Teas.

P. MURPHY,

HAS arrived to him a fresh supply of FINE TEAS, which he continues to sell so low as 7s. 7 1/2 per lb. for money.

His Ware House is now fully stocked with a general assortment of Groceries, Wines, Spirits, Spices, &c. SELLING AT REDUCED PRICES.

15 Tierces Pickling Vinegar for Sale, 15, Partick Street, Limerick, Sept. 17.

### Corporation of Limerick Estate.

2 TO BE LET,

From the 29th Day of SEPTEMBER next,

For such term as may be agreed upon,

The following Lands and Premises, viz: PART of CLINO BOG, lying between Blackboy Turnpike and Ballysimon, through which the new road to Tipperary runs, and as now held by Mr. Geo. Hastings.

RHEBOGUE ISLAND, Adjoining the Land of Park, as held by the Representatives of Mr. R. Cashen.

SCATTERY ISLAND, in the River Shannon, as held by Messrs. Wight and Co.

HOUSES and PREMISES at Thomond Gate, formerly held by Mr. Thomas Vokes, Attorney, now in occupation of Messrs. Miles and others.

HOUSES and PREMISES at Thomond Gate, formerly held by Mr. Wm. Vokes, and now in the occupation of Mr. Mathew Kenny and others.

SEVERAL HOUSES and PLOTS at Thomond Gate, as formerly held by Mr. David Hastings, and now in the occupation of the Widow O'Loughlin, Mr. James Casey and others.

HOUSES and CONCERNS, in John street, as held by Mr. James Russell.

HOUSES and PLOTS near West Water Gate, and at Car street, near the Coru Market, as held by the late Mr. Richard England.

Mr. STUART will give every information concerning the Premises.

Sealed Proposals, in writing, addressed to the CHAMBERLAIN, to be left at the Mayor's Office, at the Exchange.